

| Composition<br>Statutory<br>and non-<br>statutory<br>requirements | Pupils should be taught to:<br>plan their writing by:<br>identifying the audience for and purpose of the writing, selecting the appropriate form and using other similar writing as models for their own<br>noting and developing initial ideas, drawing on reading and research where necessary<br>in writing narratives, considering how authors have developed characters and settings in what pupils have read, listened to or seen performed<br>draft and write by:<br>selecting appropriate grammar and vocabulary, understanding how such choices can change and enhance meaning<br>in narratives, describing settings, characters and atmosphere and integrating dialogue to convey character and advance the action<br>précising longer passages<br>using a wide range of devices to build cohesion within and across paragraphs<br>using further organisational and presentational devices to structure text and to guide the reader [for example, headings, bullet points, underlining]<br>evaluate and edit by:<br>assessing the effectiveness of their own and others' writing<br>proposing changes to vocabulary, grammar and punctuation to enhance effects and clarify meaning<br>ensuring correct subject and verb agreement when using singular and plural, distinguishing between the language of speech and writing and choosing the appropriate register<br>proofread for spelling and punctuation errors<br>perform their own compositions, using appropriate intonation, volume, and movement so that meaning is clear<br>Pupils should understand, through being shown, the skills and processes essential for writing: that is, thinking aloud to generate ideas, drafting, and rereading to check that the<br>meaning is clear. |                               |   |                                       |  |  |
|---|---|-------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| Spoken<br>Language<br>(Y1-6)                                      | nguage 🗸 listen and respond appropriately to adults and their peers hypothesising, imagining and exploring  |                               | as<br>ng command of Standard English<br>rformances, role play, improvisations<br>he listener(s)<br>, attending to and building on the |                                       |  |  |
| Autumn  |   |                               |   |                                       |  |  |
| Class Book<br>/ Mentor Text                                       | The Explorer by Katherine Rundell         The Boy, the Mole, the Fox and the Horse by Charlie Mackesy   |                               | Holes by Louis Sachar<br>Louis Sachar Biography   |                                       |  |  |
|   | Tyger by William Blake When Hitler Stole Pink Rabbit by Judith Kerr   |                               | Holes <b>by Tim Wynne-Jones</b><br>Journeys – The story of migration to Britain by Dan Lyndon-Cohen                                   |                                       |  |  |
|   |   |                               |   |                                       |  |  |
|   | Bombs and Blackberries by Julia Donaldson   |                               | On the Move: Poems about migration by Michael Rosen   |                                       |  |  |
|   | London Blitz by Colin Ian Jeffery   |                               | Kay's Anatomy by Adam Kay   |                                       |  |  |
| Text Types  | PVPG  | Setting Description (3 weeks) | Informal Letter<br>(3 weeks)  | Non-chronological Report<br>(3 weeks) |  |  |
|   |   | . /                           |   |                                       |  |  |



## Writing Year 6 Curriculum Overview

| Grammar<br>Features         |                                    | Use <b>previously taught</b> punctuation correctly   | Use <b>previously taught</b> punctuation correctly   | Use <b>previously taught</b> punctuation<br>correctly   |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|---|
|                             |                                    | Use <b>paragraphs</b> to organise work   | Use <b>paragraphs</b> to organise work<br>Set <b>non-fiction</b> writing out appropriately:<br>• letter  | Use <b>paragraphs</b> to organise work  |
|                             |                                    | Select vocabulary, explaining how<br>such choices can change and<br>enhance meaning:<br>• expanded noun phrases<br>• adverbial phrases<br>Select vocabulary to create an effect<br>and add to meaning:<br>• similes<br>• personification<br>Use commas to mark fronted<br>adverbials<br>Use brackets, dashes and commas to<br>mark parenthesis | <ul> <li>Terrer</li> <li>Select vocabulary, explaining how such choices can change and enhance meaning: <ul> <li>expanded noun phrases</li> <li>adverbial phrases</li> </ul> </li> <li>Use a range of devices to build cohesion across paragraphs: <ul> <li>adverbials of time</li> <li>conjunctions</li> </ul> </li> <li>Use commas to mark fronted adverbials</li> </ul> <li>Maintain formality throughout a piece of writing- informal</li> <li>Recognise vocabulary and structures that are appropriate for informal writing</li> <li>Use dashes for parenthesis</li> <li>Use verb tense consistently/correctly</li> | <ul> <li>Set non-fiction writing out<br/>appropriately through use of: <ul> <li>headings</li> <li>subheadings</li> <li>diagrams / illustrations</li> </ul> </li> <li>Use the passive voice to affect the<br/>presentation of information in a<br/>sentence</li> <li>Use a range of clauses to add detail,<br/>show contrast and show cause<br/>and effect: <ul> <li>subordinating</li> <li>relative</li> </ul> </li> <li>Use paragraphs to organise work<br/>opened with topic sentences</li> <li>Use brackets to mark parenthesis</li> <li>Select vocabulary to create a desired<br/>effect and add to meaning: <ul> <li>technical vocabulary</li> </ul> </li> </ul> |
|                             |                                    |  |  | between independent clauses   |
|                             |                                    | Spring   |  |   |
| Class Book /<br>Mentor Text | Darwin's Dragons by Lindsay Galvin |  | Past SAT Papers  |   |
|                             | The Arrival by Shaun Tan           |  | Zootropolis: The Official Handbook by Suzanne Francis  |   |
|                             | Freedom We Sing by Amyra Leon      |  | Clockwork by Philip Pullman  |   |
|                             |                                    |  | The World Famous Antique Clock: RAUTHAUS GLOCKENSPIEL  |   |
|                             |                                    |  | Can I build another me? By Shinsuke Yoshatake  |   |



## Writing Year 6 Curriculum Overview

|                             | Stop all the clocks by WH Auden   |  |  |                        |  |  |
|-----------------------------|---|--|--|------------------------|--|--|
| Text Types                  | Newspaper Report<br>(3 weeks)   | Speech for Characterisation ><br>Narrative (4 weeks)   | Persuasive Leaflet<br>(3 weeks)  | Narrative<br>(3 weeks) |  |  |
| Grammar Features            | (3 weeks)<br>Use previously taught punctuation<br>correctly<br>Use paragraphs to organise work<br>Set non-fiction writing out appropriately<br>through use of:<br>• headings<br>• columns<br>• illustrations<br>Use the passive voice to affect the<br>presentation of information in a<br>sentence<br>Use a range of clauses to add detail,<br>show contrast and show cause and<br>effect: | Narrative (4 weeks)         Use previously taught punctuation correctly         Use paragraphs to organise work         Select vocabulary, explaining how such choices can change and enhance meaning:         • appropriate verb choices         • use behaviour to convey character         Select vocabulary to create an effect and add to meaning:         • figurative language- metaphor         Use description and behaviour to add more to the character | (3 weeks)<br>Use previously taught punctuation correctly<br>Use paragraphs to organise work<br>Embed previously taught non-fiction content<br>Maintain formality throughout a piece of<br>writing- formal<br>Use vocabulary and structures that are<br>appropriate for formal writing<br>• the subjunctive form<br>Use clauses to add detail<br>• embedded<br>Set non-fiction writing out appropriately<br>through use of:<br>• paragraphs |                        |  |  |
|                             | <ul> <li>subordinating</li> <li>relative</li> <li>Use paragraphs to organise work<br/>opened with topic sentences</li> <li>Use brackets to mark parenthesis</li> <li>Select vocabulary to create a desired<br/>effect and add to meaning: <ul> <li>technical vocabulary</li> </ul> </li> <li>Use semi-colons to mark boundaries<br/>between independent clauses</li> </ul>                  | Use a <b>colon</b> to introduce a list and<br><b>semi-colons</b> within a list<br>Use <b>colons to mark boundaries</b><br>between independent clauses<br>Use the <b>passive voice</b> to affect the<br>presentation of information in a<br>sentence  | <ul> <li>heading</li> <li>subheadings</li> <li>Use a range of devices to build cohesion<br/>within paragraphs</li> <li>personal pronouns</li> <li>Use a colon to introduce a list and semi-<br/>colons within a list</li> <li>Use semi-colons to mark boundaries<br/>between independent clauses</li> </ul>  |                        |  |  |
| Class Book /<br>Mentor Text | Summer         The Nowhere Emporium by Ross Mackenzie         Flower Power – The magic of Nature's Healers by Christine Paxxman         Alice's Adventures in Wonderland pop-up by Robert Sabuda  |  |  |                        |  |  |
|                             | If by Rudyard Kipling   |  |  |                        |  |  |



## Writing Year 6 Curriculum Overview

| Text Type | Biography<br>(2 weeks)   | SATS prep<br>(2 weeks) | Narrative<br>(2 weeks)                    | Narrative<br>(2 weeks)                 | Poetry – Rudyard Kipling (poet<br>study and comparison)   |
|-----------|--|------------------------|---|--|---|
| Grammar   | Use previously taught  |                        | Use previously taught                     | Use previously taught                  | Compare themes and style of   |
| Features  | punctuation correctly  |                        | punctuation correctly                     | punctuation correctly                  | Rudyard Kipling poetry  |
|           | Use <b>paragraphs</b> to organise<br>work  |                        | Use <b>paragraphs</b> to organise<br>work | Use <b>paragraphs</b> to organise work | Compose own advice to new<br>Y6 using the poetic devices<br>in style of 'IF'                                |
|           | Use semi-colons, colons and  |                        | Secure use of all Y6 skills for           | Secure use of all Y6 skills for        |   |
|           | dashes to separate clauses   |                        | effect.                                   | effect.                                | Consider precision of vocab<br>choices, using a thesaurus   |
|           | Punctuate <b>bullet points</b> correctly.  |                        |   |  | to develop this.  |
|           | Secure the use of the <b>passive</b><br><b>voice</b>   |                        |   |  | perform their own compositions,<br>using appropriate<br>intonation, volume, and<br>movement so that meaning |
|           | Secure the use of the subjunctive form   |                        |   |  | is clear  |
|           | Secure using a <b>wide range of</b><br><b>co-ordinating and</b><br><b>subordinating conjunctions</b><br>within sentences |                        |   |  |   |
|           | Maintain formality throughout a piece of writing   |                        |   |  |   |
|           | Use the perfect form of verbs to<br>mark relationship between<br>time and cause  |                        |   |  |   |